

Departure Date	Origin	Deportees	Arrival Date	Destination
17 th March 1943	Berlin	1342/1285	18 th March 1943	Theresienstadt

The designation of the last "large" transport from Berlin to Theresienstadt was "I/90". This group of Berlin Jews included not only employees of long standing at the Jewish Communal Administration but also badge-wearing wounded people, war widows and war wounded. These were specially marked on the transport list. Besides the 1164 Berliners, this transport embraced several groups from other places:

- a) at least 20 Jews from East Prussia who had left Königsberg on the 15th March 1943;
- b) at least 33 persons from Braunschweig and Hanover who had been brought to Berlin on 16th March 1943;
- c) 41 Jews from Frankfurt who had likewise been transported to Berlin on 16th March 1943;
- d) a group of 22 Jews, possibly from Trier;
- e) at least 4 more Jews from Leipzig who had been brought to Berlin some days previously.

The origins of other persons making up the difference between the hitherto known number and the 1285 persons registered on arrival in Theresienstadt have not yet been ascertainable. In the spring of 1943 41 persons from this transport were deported to Auschwitz, a further 669 persons following them during 1944. A total of 218 persons out of this transport survived, 13 out of them in Auschwitz. This, the only transport from Berlin to Theresienstadt in the month of March 1943, was connected to the Gestapo's "Factory Action" which was intended at the same time to affect an "exchange" between communal employees in Berlin against people of "mixed marriages". Of the transport, 219 persons survived the war.

A. Gottwaldt and D. Schulle, *Die "Judendeportationen" aus dem Deutschen Reich 1941-1945*